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10/076,952	02/15/2002	Michael P. Lyle	RECOP020 3408	
21912 7590 . 05/02/2007 VAN PELT, YI & JAMES LLP			EXAMINER	
10050 N. FOOTHILL BLVD #200	·	MERED, HABTE		
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	·		2616	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

*** *** ******************************	Application No. Applicant(s)		_
	10/076,952	LYLE, MICHAEL P.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	_
	Habte Mered	2616	
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period was pailing to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status			
Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>08 Feee</u> This action is FINAL . 2b) ☐ This Since this application is in condition for allowar closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro		
Disposition of Claims			
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-20 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-20 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	vn from consideration.		
Application Papers			
9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) ☑ The drawing(s) filed on 15 February 2002 is/are Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	e: a) accepted or b) objected or b) objected drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ion is required if the drawing(s) is object.	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Applicati rity documents have been receive u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage	
Attachment(s) 1)	4) 🔲 Interview Summary	(PTO-413)	
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No(s)/Mail Da		

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DETAILED ACTION

1. The amendment filed on 2/21/2006 has been entered and fully considered.

2. Claims 1-20 are pending. Claims 1, 14, and 15 are the base independent claims.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claims 1-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Shanklin et al (US 6, 578, 147), hereinafter referred to as Shanklin, in view of Salapura et al (US 6, 904, 040), hereinafter referred to as Salapura and Blair (US 6, 778, 495 B1).

Shanklin teaches a multi-processor (i.e. parallel processor) intrusion detector with load balancing for high-speed networks.

5. Regarding claims 1, 14, and 15, Shanklin teaches a method and system for routing data packets for network flow analysis by a multi-processor system having a plurality of processors (See Figure 2 and 3; Sensors 21 and 31 in Figures 2 and 3 respectively make up the multi-processor system), comprising: receiving a data packet, the data packet comprising data sufficient to identify a network connection with which the data packet is associated (See Column 4:32-40 and Column 6:9-13); and assigning the data to one of the plurality of processors for analysis. (See Column 3:30, Column 5:22-29, 55-60 and Column 7:54-57)

Shanklin fails to disclose calculating a hash value based on the data sufficient to identify the network connection with which the data packet is associated and assigning the data based on the hash value to one of the plurality of processors for analysis by using a number of bits of the hash value, wherein the number of bits used is determined at least in part by the number of processors included in the plurality of processors.

Salapura teaches a packet-preprocessing interface for multiprocessor network handler.

Salapura discloses disclose calculating a hash value based on the data sufficient to identify the network connection (Column 4:25-30) with which the data packet is associated and assigning the data based on the hash value to one of the plurality of processors for analysis by using a number of bits of the hash value, wherein the number of bits used is determined at least in part by the number of processors included in the plurality of processors. (See Columns 5:42-45, 6:18-21, 7:2-5)

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Shanklin's system to incorporate hash value calculation based on data sufficient to identify the network connection and using the hash value to identify and assign a processor to a specific session where data belonging to the specific session are routed to the same processor. The motivation being hash value calculation simplifies address lookup as it is low cost to implement and saves processor time as stated in Salapura in Columns 1:40-60 and 2:1-2,50-53 and further distributing the workload among the processors on a per session basis allows it to outperform

conventional network handlers in terms of cost and processing efficiency as stated in Salapura in Column 7:5-10.

Shanklin fails to disclose the number of bits of the hash value used to identify the processors/links is not necessarily the total number of bits.

Blair teaches a method and system for each delay-bound flow, such as for a VOIP service, the sending node hashes the packet header data and applies all packets for the flow to one of the links assigned as a function of the hash value and different flow headers produce different hash results causing the node to send different flows over different links.

Blair discloses disclose the number of bits of the hash value used to identify the processors/links is not necessarily the total number of bits. (See Column 9:64-67 and Column 10:1-18)

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Shanklin's system to incorporate a step wherein the number of bits of the hash value used to identify the processors/links is not necessarily the total number of bits. The motivation to use only a portion of the hash value or result is that it allows the user to add links/processors (i.e. entities identified by the hash value) to the system without modifying the hashing function as stated by Blair in Column 10:1-5.

6. Regarding **claim 2**, Shanklin discloses a method wherein the data in the data packet is sufficient to identify the network connection with which the data packet is associated comprises address data. (See Column 3, Lines 25-26)

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7. Regarding **claim 3**, Shanklin discloses wherein the data sufficient to identify the network connection with which the data packet is associated comprises address data associated with a source computer that sent the data packet and address data associated with a destination computer to which the data packet is addressed. (See Column 3, Lines 25-26, Column 4 Lines 12-15 and 25-30)

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- 8. Regarding claim 4, Shanklin discloses wherein the data packet is sent using the TCP/IP suite of protocols and the data sufficient to identify the network connection with which the data packet is associated comprises an IP address and port number associated with the source computer that sent the data packet and an IP address and port number associated with the destination computer to which the data packet is addressed. (See Column 3, Lines 25-26, Column 4 Lines 12-15 and 25-30. Shanklin discloses the packets are sent using the TCP/IP protocol and the rest of the limitation is inherent to the protocol)
- 9. Regarding **claim 5**, Shanklin teaches all aspects of the claimed invention as set forth in the rejection of claim 1 but fails to disclose a method further comprising storing the data packet in host memory associated with the multi-processor system.

Salapura discloses a method further comprising storing the data packet in host memory associated with the multi-processor system. (See Figure 2, elements 14 and 25 and Column 4:6-20)

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Shanklin's system to incorporate a method further comprising storing the data packet in host memory associated with the multi-processor

system. The motivation to use a host memory shared by all processors is to reduce cost of using different memory with different controllers for different processors and Salapura uses a single DMA controller to interface with the different processors to store and retrieve data from the Direct Memory Access that serves as the host memory as stated in Salapura 4:35-37.

10. Regarding **claim 6**, Shanklin teaches all aspects of the claimed invention as set forth in the rejection of claim 5 but fails to disclose a method, further comprising sending an interrupt message to a driver, the interrupt message comprising data identifying the storage location in host memory in which the data packet is stored.

Salapura discloses a method, further comprising sending an interrupt message to a driver, the interrupt message comprising data identifying the storage location in host memory in which the data packet is stored. (See Columns 1:32 and 6:22-29)

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Shanklin's system to incorporate a method of sending an interrupt message. The motivation for using an interrupt message is to awaken a processor for processing data, the end result being savings in processor time and simplification of address lookup as stated in Salapura in Columns 1:32 and 6:22-29.

11. Regarding **claim 7**, Shanklin teaches all aspects of the claimed invention as set forth in the rejection of claim 1 but fails to disclose a method further comprising storing the data packet in host memory associated with the multi-processor system and wherein the step of routing comprises sending to the one of the plurality of processors data identifying the storage location in host memory in which the data packet is stored.

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Salapura discloses a method further comprising storing the data packet in host memory associated with the multi-processor system and wherein the step of routing comprises sending to the one of the plurality of processors data identifying the storage location in host memory in which the data packet is stored. (See Salapura Columns 5;1-10, 6:22-29, and Figure 3, step 60 as well as last step in Figure 4)

12. Regarding **claim 8**, Shanklin teaches all aspects of the claimed invention as set forth in the rejection of claim 7 but fails to disclose a method wherein the step of sending to the one of the plurality of processors data identifying the storage location in host system memory in which the data packet is stored comprises storing the data identifying the storage location in a work queue associated with the processor.

Salapura discloses a method wherein the step of sending to the one of the plurality of processors data identifying the storage location in host system memory in which the data packet is stored comprises storing the data identifying the storage location in a work queue associated with the processor. (See Column 6:22-29 and Figure 2, element 15)

13. Regarding **claim 9**, Shanklin teaches all aspects of the claimed invention as set forth in the rejection of claim 8 but fails to disclose a method wherein the work queue is a circular queue.

Salapura discloses a method wherein the work queue is a circular queue. (See Column 4:10)

14. With respect to **claims 7-9**, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Shanklin's system to

incorporate hash value calculation based network connection data and storing the data packet in host memory associated with the multi-processor system and the step of routing comprises sending to the one of the plurality of processors data identifying the storage location in a work queue in a host memory in which the data packet is stored. The motivation being these steps simplify address lookup, reduce processor time and provides a more efficient packet handling method in that it keeps packets sequences belonging to the same session intact by assigning the packets to a specific work queue belonging to a specific processor as stated in Salapura in Columns 1:45-61 and 2:50-67 15. Regarding claim 10, Shanklin discloses a method further comprising associating the data packet with one or more other data packets associated with the same network connection with which the received data packet is associated to recreate a network flow associated with the network connection. (See Column 3: 43-46)

- 16. Regarding claim 11, Shanklin discloses a method further comprising analyzing the network flow to determine if any security-related event has occurred. (See Column 3, Lines 55-65 and Column 5, Lines 30-40)
- 17. Regarding claim 12, Shanklin discloses a method, wherein a security-related event is determined to have occurred if the network flow matches a pattern associated with a known attack. (See Column 5:30-40, Column 6:4-8, and Column 7:60-65)
- 19. Regarding claim 13, Shanklin discloses a method wherein a security-related event is determined to have occurred if the network flow deviates from normal and permissible behavior under the network protocol under which the data packet was sent. (See Column 5:30-40, Column 6:4-8, and Column 7:60-65)

- 20. Regarding **claims 16 and 17**, Shanklin discloses a system wherein the data sufficient to identify the network connection with which the data packet is associated comprises address data associated with a source computer that sent the data packet and address data associated with a destination computer to which the data packet is addressed. (See Columns 3:23-25, 4:32-40, 6:9-13, and 7:20-27)
- 21. Regarding claim 18, Shanklin discloses a system, wherein the data packet is sent using the TCP/IP suite of protocols and the data sufficient to identify the network connection with which the data packet is associated comprises an IP address and port number associated with the source computer that sent the data packet and an IP address and port number associated with the destination computer to which the data packet is addressed. (In Column 4:12-32 Shanklin discloses that his system uses the TCP/IP suite of protocols including TCP, UDP, IP and ICMP. Examiner takes Official Notice that the TCP and UDP protocols provide port number associated with the source and the destination while IP protocol provides the IP address of the source as well as the destination. Please refer to Newton's Telecom dictionary 16th edition on pages 838-839)
- 22. Regarding **claim 19**, Shanklin discloses a system, wherein the driver is further configured to associate the data packet with one or more other data packets associated with the same network connection with which the received data packet is associated to recreate a network flow associated with network connection. (See Column 7:54-59)

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23. Regarding **claim 20**, Shanklin discloses a system, wherein the driver is further configured to analyze the network flow to determine if any security-related event has occurred. (See Column 6:47-56)

Response to Arguments

- 24. Applicant's arguments with respect to independent claims 1, 14, and 15 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.
- 25. Applicant's Response To Interview Summary filed on 2/12/2007 in response to the Examiner's Interview Summary dated 2/1/2007 has been fully considered and entered. The Examiner does not dispute the additional explanation provided by the Applicant and believes the Interview Summary dated 2/1/2007 in one form or another effectively stated the additional explanation the Applicant wants to make part of the Official Record. Hence the Applicant has further clarified that the number of bits of the Applicant's hash function result used to identify a processor is not necessarily the total number of bits of the Applicant's hash value result. Independent claims 1, 14, and 15 have been amended with a new limitation based on the clarification provided by the Applicant. However, Blair as shown in the rejections of claims 1, 14, and 15 has adequately taught the newly amended limitation.

Conclusion

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire. THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Habte Mered whose telephone number is 571 272 6046. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday to Friday 9:30AM to 5:00PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Doris H. To can be reached on 571 272 7629. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR.

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HM 04-25-2007

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